## MATH 235: HOMEWORK 4

DUE: FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 16 AT 11:59 PM ON GRADESCOPE
UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER, SPRING 2024

Follow the instructions on the course homework page to complete this assignment. Please adhere to the honesty policy detailed on the website. Justify your answers fully. Please list any collaborators.

Problem 1. (1) Suppose that $p_{0}, p_{1}, p_{2}, \ldots, p_{n}$ are polynomials in $P_{n}(\mathbb{R})$ satisfying $p_{i}(2)=$ 0 . Show that $S=\left\{p_{0}, p_{1}, p_{2}, \ldots, p_{n}\right\}$ is not linearly independent.
(2) Let $V=\mathbb{C}^{2}$. Show that the vectors $v_{1}=(1, i)$ and $v_{2}=(i, 1)$ are a basis for $V$ over $\mathbb{C}$. Determine scalars $\lambda_{1}, \lambda_{2}$ such that $\lambda_{1} v_{1}+\lambda_{2} v_{2}=(1-i, 2+i)$.
(3) Let $W$ be the subspace of $M_{n \times n}(\mathbb{R})$ satisfying

$$
W=\left\{A \in M_{n \times n}(\mathbb{R}) \mid \operatorname{trace}(A)=0\right\}
$$

Determine the dimension of $W$.
Problem 2. (1) Determine subspaces $U$ and $W$ of $\mathbb{R}^{3}$ such that $\operatorname{dim}(U)=m, \operatorname{dim}(W)=$ $n, m \geq n$, and both $\operatorname{dim}(U \cap W)<n$ and $\operatorname{dim}(U+W)<m+n$.
(2) Suppose that $U$ and $W$ are subspaces of a finite-dimensional vector space $V$ and $V=U+W$. Show that $\operatorname{dim}(U)+\operatorname{dim}(W) \geq \operatorname{dim}(V)$ with equality if and only if $U \cap W=\{0\}$.
(3) If $\operatorname{dim}(U)+\operatorname{dim}(W)=\operatorname{dim}(V)$, does it follow that $V=U+W$ ? Prove this is true or provide a counter example.

Problem 3. Suppose $V$ is a vector space over $F$, and $\operatorname{dim}(V)=n$. Find subspaces $W_{1}, W_{2}, \ldots, W_{n}$ of $V$ such that

$$
V=W_{1} \oplus W_{2} \oplus \cdots \oplus W_{n}
$$

Problem 4. Prove properties $1,2,3$, and 4 of linear transformations on p. 65 (in both the 5 th and 6 th editions. Where it says See exercise 7.)

Problem 5. Let $W=\mathbb{R}_{>0}$ with addition and scalar multiplication defined in Q4 on HW1. Define $T: \mathbb{R}^{2} \rightarrow W$ by $T(a, b)=2^{a} 3^{b}$.
(1) Show that $T$ is linear using property 2 that you proved in problem 4.
(2) Determine bases for the nullspace and range of $T$.

