## MATH 235: HOMEWORK 3

## DUE: FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 9 AT 11:59 PM ON GRADESCOPE UNIVERSITY OF ROCHESTER, SPRING 2024

Follow the instructions on the course homework page to complete this assignment. Please adhere to the honesty policy detailed on the website.

**Problem 1.** Suppose  $S_1$  and  $S_2$  are subsets of a vector space V.

- (1) Show that if  $S_1 \subseteq S_2$ , then  $\operatorname{span}(S_1) \subseteq \operatorname{span}(S_2)$ .
- (2) Show that  $\operatorname{span}(S_1 \cap S_2) \subseteq \operatorname{span}(S_1) \cap \operatorname{span}(S_2)$ .
- (3) Show that  $\operatorname{span}(S_1 \cup S_2) = \operatorname{span}(S_1) + \operatorname{span}(S_2)$ . (Use the definition for the sum of subspaces from Homework 1.)

## Problem 2. .

- (1) Show that a subset S of a vector space V is linearly independent if and only if every subset of S is linearly independent.
- (2) Suppose v, w are vectors in a vector space V. Show that  $\{v, w\}$  is linearly independent if and only if neither vector is a scalar multiple of the other.

**Problem 3.** . Suppose  $\{v_1, v_2, v_3, \dots, v_m\}$  spans V. Does

$$\{v_1 - v_2, v_2 - v_3, v_3 - v_4, \dots, v_{m-1} - v_m, v_m\}$$

also span V?

**Problem 4.** Suppose  $S = \{v_1, v_2, v_3, \dots, v_m\}$  is linearly independent in V.

- (1) Suppose  $\lambda \in F$  and  $\lambda \neq 0$ . Is  $\{\lambda v_1, \lambda v_2, \lambda v_3, \dots, \lambda v_m\}$  linearly independent?
- (2) Suppose  $w \in V$ . Show that if  $\{v_1 + w, v_2 + w, v_3 + w, \dots, v_m + w\}$  is linearly dependent, then  $w \in \text{span}(S)$ .

## Problem 5.

- (1) Can  $P_3(\mathbb{R})$  (the polynomials of degree at most 3 with coefficients in  $\mathbb{R}$ ) have a spanning set containing no vectors of degree exactly 2? Why or why not?
- (2) Let  $p_k(x) = \sum_{i=0}^k x^i$ . Show that  $\{p_k(x) \mid 0 \le k \le n\}$  is a basis for  $P_n(\mathbb{R})$ .
- (3) Let  $S = \{1, \cos x, \cos^2 x, \sin^2 x, \cos(2x), x\} \subset \mathcal{F}(\mathbb{R}, \mathbb{R})$ . Determine a subset of S that is a basis for span(S).