## Homework 6 Math 202 Stochastic Processes Spring 2024

Question 1. Consider the Markov chain described in HW3 Q2.
(a) After a long time, what would be the expected number of papers in the pile?
(b) Assume the pile starts with 0 papers. What is the expected time until the pile will again have 0 papers?

Question 2. Suppose we flip a fair coin repeatedly until we have flipped four consecutive heads. What is the expected number of flips that are needed? (Hint: consider a Markov chain with state space $\{0,1,2,3,4\}$.)

Question 3. Consider the Markov chain with state space $S=\{0,1,2 \cdots\}$ and transition probabilities:

$$
p(x, x+1)=2 / 3 ; \quad p(x, 0)=1 / 3
$$

Show that the chain is positive recurrent and give the limiting probability $\pi$.

Question 4. Consider the simple $(p=q=1 / 2)$ random walk on integers $\mathbb{Z}$. We argued in class that

$$
p_{n}(0,0) \sim \frac{C}{\sqrt{n}}
$$

for some constant $C$.
(a) Show that any two states $i$ and $j$ communicate.
(b) Show that 0 is recurrent by showing that the sum $\sum_{n} p_{n}(0,0)$ is divergent (consider the integral test for series)
(c) Is the symmetric random walk null recurrent or positive recurrent?

Question 5. Consider the Markov chain with state space $S=\{0,1,2 \cdots\}$ and transition probabilities:

$$
\begin{array}{r}
p(x, x+2)=p ; \quad p(x, x-1)=1-p x>0 \\
p(0,2)=p, \quad p(0,0)=1-p
\end{array}
$$

For which values of $p$ is this a transient chain? Hint: Use the Stirling's approximation:

$$
n!\sim \sqrt{2 \pi n}\left(\frac{n}{e}\right)^{n}
$$



Question 6. Consider the queueing model. For which values of $p, q$ is the chain null recurrent, positive recurrent, transient? For the positive recurrent case give the limiting probability distribution $\pi$. What is the average length of the queue in equilibrium? For the transient case, give $\alpha(x)=$ the probability starting at $x$ of ever reaching at 0 .

