

## MTH161 Workshop 9: The Mean Value Theorem; Curve Sketching

**Discussion Questions:** With your group, discuss the Mean Value Theorem in your own words. What conditions does a function have to satisfy in order for the theorem to apply?

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1. Consider the following problems with your group.

- (a) Let  $f(x) = 5 - x^{2/3}$ . Show that  $f(1) = f(-1)$ , but there is no number  $c$  in the open interval  $(-1, 1)$  such that  $f'(c) = 0$ . Why does this not contradict Rolle's Theorem (or the Mean Value Theorem)?
- (b) Two runners start a race at the same time and finish in a tie. With your group, prove that at some time during the race they have the same speed. (**Hint:** Let  $f(t)$  and  $g(t)$  be the position functions of the two runners, and consider the function  $h(t) = f(t) - g(t)$ .)

2. Consider the following problems with your group.

- (a) With your group, sketch the graphs of three different functions  $f$  that satisfy the following properties:
  - $f$  is continuous on  $[1, 5]$ ;
  - $f$  has an absolute maximum at 5;
  - $f$  has a local maximum at 2;
  - $f$  has a local minimum at 4.
- (b) Suppose that  $f'(6) = 0$  and  $f''(6) = 1$ . Determine with your group what the graph of  $f$  must look like *near*  $x = 6$ . Sketch what this portion of the graph looks like.

3. Sketch a graph of a function  $f(x)$  that satisfies all of the given conditions:

- (a)  $f(-2) = f(2) = f(6) = 0$ .
- (b)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) = -\infty$  and  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = 3$ .
- (c)  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x) = \infty$ .
- (d)  $f'(4) = 0$ .
- (e)  $f'(x) > 0$  if  $x < 1$  or  $x > 4$ , and  $f'(x) < 0$  if  $1 < x < 4$ .
- (f)  $f''(x) > 0$  if  $x < 1$  or  $1 < x < 7$ , and  $f''(x) < 0$  if  $x > 7$ .

4. Let  $f(x) = \frac{1+x}{x^{2/3}}$ . Note that Complete the following with your group, **without the aid of a calculator**:
- Find the domain of  $f$ .
  - Find all  $x$ - and  $y$ -intercepts.
  - Find all vertical asymptotes.
  - Find the limits at  $\pm\infty$  and any horizontal asymptotes.
  - Where is  $f(x)$  increasing? decreasing? Where does  $f$  have a local maximum/minimum?
  - Where is  $f(x)$  concave up? concave down? Where does  $f$  have an inflection point?
  - Use all of this information to sketch a graph of  $f$ .

5. Let  $f(x) = \frac{\ln x}{x}$ . Note that

$$f'(x) = \frac{1 - \ln x}{x^2} \text{ and } f''(x) = \frac{2 \ln x - 3}{x^3}.$$

Complete the following with your group, **without the aid of a calculator**:

- Find the domain of  $f$ .
- Find all  $x$ - and  $y$ -intercepts.
- Find all vertical asymptotes.
- Where is  $f(x)$  increasing? decreasing? Where does  $f$  have a local maximum/minimum?
- Where is  $f(x)$  concave up? concave down? Where does  $f$  have an inflection point?
- What is the behavior of  $f$  “near infinity?”
- Use all of this information to sketch a graph of  $f$ .