Math 143

Spring 2024

Worksheet 6 Ratio and Root tests

Problem Set Instructions: Work through the following problems with your group. You might not finish all of the problems, but be sure to work on all of them together and gain a good idea of how to proceed.

1 Warm-up:

- 1. Find $\lim_{n\to\infty} \sqrt[n]{n}$. (Hint: Start by setting $y = \lim \sqrt[n]{n}$ and taking the natural log of both sides. You will need L'Hopital's rule. The technique you used in this exercise will be needed later in this workshop.)
- 2. State both the Ratio and Root tests.
- 3. Use the ratio test to determine the convergence of $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n3^n}{4^{n+1}}$
- 4. Use the root test to determine the convergence of the same series

2 Problems:

1. Determine the conditional convergence, absolute convergence, or divergence of the following series

(a)
$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n!}{100^n}$$

(b) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1-n}{2+3n}\right)^n$
(c) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-9)^n}{n10^{n+1}}$
(d) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left(\frac{(1-n)}{2+3n}\right)^n$
(e) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(2n)!}{(n)^n}$
(f) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{2 \cdot 4 \cdot 6 \cdot \dots \cdot (2n)}{5 \cdot 8 \cdot 11 \cdot \dots \cdot (3n+2)}$
(g) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (\arctan(n))^n$

- 2. Suppose $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} c_n 4^n$ converges. Can we assume $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} c_n (-4)^n$ converges? How about $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} c_n (-4)^n$? Either justify your answer or give a counterexample
- 3. For what values of x do the following series converge absolutely? Are there any values of x where the series converges conditionally?

(a) (a)
$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(x-2)^n}{n3^n}$$

(b) (a) $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{x^n}{n!}$
(c) (a) $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{n!(x+4)^n}{\sqrt{n}}$
(d) (a) $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n(x+1)^n}{4^n}$