## MTH142 Workshop 6: Areas and Volumes

## Warm-Up

1. Sketch the region enclosed by the given curves. Decide whether to integrate with respect to $x$ or $y$. Draw a typical approximating rectangle and label its height and width. Then find the area of the region.
(a) $y=x, \quad y=(x-2)^{2}$
(b) $y^{2}=1-x, \quad y^{2}=1+x$
(c) $y=2-\cos (x), \quad y=\cos (x), \quad x=0, \quad x=2 \pi$

## Problems

2. Use calculus to find the area of the triangle with the vertices $(0,0),(1,2)$, and $(3,-4)$, then use geometry to check your work.
3. Find the area of the region bounded by the parabola $y=x^{2}$, the tangent line to this parabola at $(2,4)$, and the $x$-axis.
4. Set up an integral to find the volume of a cap of height $h$ of a sphere with radius $r$.

5. Find the volume of the solid obtained by rotating the region bounded by the given curves about the specified line. Sketch the region, and separately sketch the solid and a typical disk.
(a) $y=1-x^{2}, y=0$; about the $x$-axis
(b) $y=\ln x, y=1, y=2$, and $x=0$; about the y-axis (plotted below for convenience)

